REPORTING FORMATS

PREVIOUSLY EMPLOYED

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TO GATHER MILEAGE

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SUMMARY OF VEHICLE MILEAGE

April - June 1975

	FY 1973 Adjusted Base Mileage for Quarter	Mileage for Reporting Quarter	Percent of Increase	Percent of Decrease
Sedans and station wagons - LSD	312,380	328,096	5.0	
Buses and limousines - LSD	71,375	63,734		10.7
Light trucks: LSD Totals	67,950 20,461 88,411	66,940 18,733 85,673		1.5 8.4 3.1
Heavy trucks: LSD Totals	7,259 51,306 58,565	7,910 51,077 58,987	9.0	0.4
Grand totals - All vehicles	530,731	5 <u>36,49</u> 0	1.1	===

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The upswing in sedan mileage is a result of the continuing requirement to transport both staff individuals and documents in support of the investigating committees.

heavy-track usage by LSD has increased because of the need to transport furniture for refinishing under the Office-Lacellence program.

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REDUCEA

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				,								196	BOIND! IV
	GAS GALS	MILEAGE APRIL'78	GALS	MILLEAGE APRIL 79	5	6	7	В	9	10	11	12	13
SHUTTLE 2 COURIER		7		7		Ш						1111111	1
MOTOR POOL	13,475	157, 433	14,429	(43 754 3 3 7									
5 VENTE TOTAL	11,380	11,749	10747	WAY 79	┸								
7 SHUTTLE 8 COURTER		SF YAM		MAY 19									
9 MOTOR POOL	16 394	191185	14,463	145, 376 9390									
TOTAL	1604		111380	111111	 	1111							
SHUTTLE COUGLER		JUNE 78		JUNE 79									
MOTOR POOL	15.742	176,659	13,872	149,176 9 791								-	
17 TOTAL	-		1104										
19 SHAME 20 COURTER	-	July 78		July 79		1111-							
MOTOC POOL	13,495	148,72B	13 472 GGG	147,388 8808									
TOTAL			1999										
SHUTTLE COURIER		August 78		August 79									
Motor ρως FTB	15,757 (878	145,465 8152-	13770	143 077									
TOTAL	-	SEPT 16	(077	SEPT 79									
SHOTTLE COUCLEC		SEVI IG		SEPT IN									
MOTOL POOL FTB	14,826	142,225 6875	11,224	145,476									
15 TOTAL		Oct 178	1673 km²		╎┆	† 		 		╼╫╂┼┼┼┼┤			
SULITTIE COURTER		021118		Oct 798					-				
MOTOR POOL	4,151	152158 8342	15 959 580	141076									
TOTAL .		Y DV '78		Novie					TH:H				
SHUTTLE COURIER	- 	1 NA 10	!!!!!!!	144 <u>7 13</u>									
MOTOR POOL		262,868 6321	12,091 594	143,57 6320					###		1-11-1	11	
7 TOTAL		EC 78		D€C 75									
SHUTTLE COURTER		150110											
MOTOR POOL	12,384 :	256 05Fi 6 25 0	10,770	113 083									
3 TOTAL				Jan'80		A 5	MUASE		#####				
5 SHUTTLE 6 COURTEZ		19 TA			JAN 19 11	6,858 5,858	146882				1:111		
MOTOR POOL FTB	15,350 1508	9335 9335	14,545 700 (Pa	14,000		1613	4 109	+	Epin	RE 12 MONTH	4 READRETH	UE PERIOD	
7 TOTAL		FEB 75	/d/J0;	FEB '80	REN 74	4,457 2,900	146,784			Canshirl on	Mil	FRAGE	
SHUTTLE COURTER					FED TO	2 4 ¢6), € \$ 7	146,784 148,076 + 1,252	APRIL 78	11111	75-190792	ع راه	3,057	
MOTOL POOL FTB	1749	140,437	12,7260-	(154,545 Å) 141,000 (1 17076 (1	,210			APEIL 74	March	80 - 171,451	1,8	03,500	
5 TOTAL		14764 19	1036	МАРСИ 8	M41279 1	6 539	62,607	1		+ 19,341		45,557	
SHUTTLE COURIER			4 - 14 14 - 1 1 -	- C	Mae 80	6,539 5,200 1,359	148 000 148 000			A 1076	- 	16 7. Suction 1	<i>y</i>
MOTOR POOL FTB	15,053	156.057	(4)172 14)500 700 (P/s)	150,1155 141,000-1 12000	7h \$								
TOTAL			HHHH	1									
TOTALS SHUTTLE										رين ۱۹۸۶	ARTEL ²		
COURIER MOTOR POOL	1773,147	2,056,816	151,475	1718 477				\		GAX COUSU	Marion	MILEAGE	
77 FTS	V7, 525	96,341	11.15	87,810				1 ton-1	144 80	47,854		456,273	
40	173, 46T 173, 525	2 53 0577 1 1 12 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	or Relea	se 2003	11/08 CIA	RDP8	5-00988R0	0003000	30010-6	- 4 509 9%% (LED)	(Criou	- 13, 206 396 REDUC	- Vrat
42			1-2,727										
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Appendix C to Subpart F of Part 436— General Operations Energy Conservation Measures

(a) The following individual measures or set of measures must be considered for inclusion in each agency 10-year energy management plan.

(1) Federal Employee Ridesharing
Programs—These measures would include
the use of vanpooling and carpooling and
would comply with existing GSA regulations
governing parking.

(2) Fleet Profile Change—These measures would include energy considerations in equipment selection and assignment.

(3) Fleet Mileage Efficiency—These measures would be concerned with agency plans to implement existing orders and laws related to vehicle fuel economy.

(4) Driver Training—These measures would develop appropriate programs for training operators of U.S. Government vehicles in energy conservation.

(5) Maintenance Procedures
Improvement—These measures would insure proper vehicle maintenance to optimize energy conservation.

(6) Operating Procedures Improvement— These measures should consider cooperative passenger shuttle and courier services on an interagency or other basis within each metropolitan area.

(7) Mass Transit—These measures would encourage employee use of existing services for business-related activities and commuting.

(8) Public Education to Promote Vanpooling and Carpooling—All agencies should consider measures to support the EPCA requirement to establish "responsible public education programs to promote vanpooling and carpooling arrangements" through their employee awareness programs.

(9) Elimination of Free or Subsidized Employee Parking—Free or subsidized employee parking must be eliminated on Federal installations in accordance with OMB Cir. A-118, August 13, 1979.

(10) Two-Wheeled Vehicle Programs—Measures which encourage the substitution of bicycles, mopeds, etc. for automobiles for commuting and operational purposes should be considered. These could include the establishment of weather-protected secure storage facilities and restricted routes for these vehicles on Federal property. Also, cooperative programs with local civil authorities could be established.

(11) Consolidation of Facilities and Process Activities—These measures would include such measures as physical consolidation of operations to minimize intra-operational travel and may include facility closure or conversion. Alternative work patterns, availability of transportation, energy resource availability, and technical and financial feasibility are among the considerations that should be evaluated.

(12) Procurement Programs—In addition to existing regulations, these measures could include additional incentives for contractor energy conservation.

(13) Energy Conservation Awareness Programs—These programs would be aimed toward gaining and perpetuating employeee awareness and participation in energy conservation measures on the job and in their personal activities.

(14) Communication—These measures would include substitution of communications for physical travel.

(15) Dress Codes—These measures would allow employees greater freedom in their choice of wearing apparel in view of the new thermostat regulations.

(16) Land Use—These measures would include energy considerations to be employed in new site selection.

(17) Automatic Data Processing (ADP)—These measures would address all energy aspects of ADP operation and equipment selection.

(18) Aircraft Operations—Energy-conserving measures should be developed for both military and Federal administrative and research and development aircraft operations.

(18) GOCO Pacilities and industrial Plants Operated by Federal Employees—These facilities and plants should develop energy conservation plans that include energy efficient periodic maintenance measures.

(20) Energy-Conserving Capital Plan and Equipment Modification—Energy conservation and life cycle cost parameter measures should be developed for replacement of capital plant and equipment.

(21) Process Improvements—Measures to improve energy conservation in industrial process operations should be developed. These could include consideration of equipment replacement or modifications, as well as scheduling and other operational changes.

(22) Improved Steam Maintenance and Management—Measures to improve energy efficiency of steam systems should be considered. These could include Improved maintenance, installation of energy-conserving devices, and the operational use of substitutes for live steam where feasible.

(23) Improvements in Waste Heat Recovery—Measures utilizing waste hear for other purposes should be considered.

(24) Improvement in Boiler Operations— Energy-conserving retrofit measures should be considered for boiler operations.

(25) Improved Insulation—Measures addressing the addition or replacement of insulation on pipes, storage tanks, and in other appropriation areas should be considered.

(28) Scheduling by Major Electric Power Users—Measures to shift major electrical power demands to non-peak hours, to the maximum extent possible, should be considered.

(27) Alternative Puels—Measures should be considered to alter equipment such as generators to lower quality fuels and to fill new requirements with those that use alternative fuels. The use of gasohol in stationary gasoline-powered equipment should be considered, in particular.

[28] Cogeneration—Measures to make full use of cogeneration in preference to single-power generation should be considered.

(29) General Training—All agencies should consider measures to support the EPCA requirement to establish and implement "a

responsible public education plage of encourage energy conservation and efficiency" through their employee a programs

(30) Mobility Training and Operat Readiness—All agencies should accome assures which can reduce energy through use use of simulators, communications, computers for plant

(31) Energy Conservation Inspect. Instruction Teams—Agencies show measures which formalize and perpreview of energy conservation through the process to determine where specimprovements can be made and the followed by an instruction and train program.

(32) Intra- and Interagency Inform. Exchange Program—Measures proving exchange of energy conservation and experiences between elements agency and between other agencies same geographic area should be con-

(33) Recycled Waste—Agencies siconsider measures to recycle was a to include glass, aluminum, concrete brick, garbage, asphalt road material any material which requires a petrol base.

(34) Coal Conversion—Measure set accomplish conversion from petitive set fuels to coal should be considered for appropriate equipment.

(35) Operational Lighting—Energy lighting consumed in operational are GOCO plants may be reduced by: soff by means of automatic contramaximizing the ase of daylight to planning, keeping window and lightic clean and replacing fixtures where the deteriorate, rather than when altogether, providing automatic dimensionates to reduce lighting where increases; and cleaning the work daylight, if possible, rather than as

(36) Lighting Fixtures—Energy etallighting can be increased. The follow reveals the relative efficacies of column types.

Lamp type	Eumans. Wali		
Tungsten Lemp	12		
RECORD DUCKSCOOL DUCK	85		
Marcury hadde leano	100		
High pressure exclumitemp	110		
Low pressure addition temp	180		

[37] Industrial Buildings Heating measures to improve the energy confindustrial buildings are: fixing how roofs, walls and windows; fitting doors; fitting controls to heating system of "economizer units" which circulate back down from roof level to ground it use of controlled ventilation; insulate walls and roof; use of "optimisers" continues that the heating switch-on is dictated actual temperature conditions rather simply by time.

(38) Hall Cleaning and Antifoul Coating—Measures to reduce ene. consumption through periodic clean. hulls and propellers to include the

antifouling coatings.